

Progression of Skills in Art and Design

These are the minimum end of year

This document shows how Art and Design objectives are designed in a progressive way to ensure learners become more proficient as they move

relation to Understanding the World EYFS Year I		Year I	Year 2	have con Year 3	re before. Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	L/13	/eur i				/eur J	/ear O
Generating Ideas	*Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. *Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. *Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose.	I can recognise that ideas can be expressed in art work I can experiment with an open mind (for instance, enthusiastically try out and use all materials that are presented to me) I can look at examples of Andy Goldsworthy's sculptures and use them to inspire me to make my own. I recognise that ideas can be generated through doing as well as thinking. I recognise that ideas can be expressed through art.	Key vocabulary of the control of the	I can gather and review information, references and resources related to my ideas and intentions. I can use a sketchbook for different purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas.	I can select and use relevant resources and references to develop my ideas. I can use sketchbooks, and drawing, purpose fully to improve understanding, in form ideas and plan for an outcome (for instance, sketchbooks will show several different versions of an idea and how research has led to improvements in their proposed outcome.) I understand sketchbooks are places to explore personal creativity, and as such they should be experimental, imperfect, ask questions, demonstrate inquisitive exploration	I can engage in open ended research and exploration in the process of initiating and developing my own personal ideas. I can confidently use sketchbooks for a variety of purposes including: recording observations; developing ideas; testing materials; planning and recording information. I can plan and complete extended sets of drawings in sketchbook/journals to plan a painting, print or 3D piece I can annotate a work of art to record ideas and emotions using this to inform design ideas	I can independently develop a range of ideas which show curiosity, imagination and originality I can systematically investigate, research and test ideas and plans using sketchbooks and other appropriate approaches (for instance). Sketchbooks will show in advance how work will be produced and how the qualities of materials will be used) I can use studies gathered from observation to help plan and realise paintings, using thumbnail studies and paint techniques to represent action or

Painting	Painting	₽ Painting	Painting	I can use sketchbooks and drawing to purpose fully improve understanding, inform ideas and explore potential I can use sketchbooks, together with other resources, to understand how inspiration can come from many rich and personal sources to feed into creative pro jects.	₽ Painting	I can annotate a work of art to record ideas and emotions using this to inform design ideas and thumbnail drawings/designs
Experiment with painting and colour mixing using powder paints, poster paints and water colours. Understand that when colours are mixed, new colours are created. To select and create different colours. Use a variety of tools to apply paint, e.g. brushes of different sizes, sponges, fingers, objects Explore working with paint on different surfaces and in different ways (e.g. different textured, coloured, sized and shaped paper). To work from direct observation and imagination. To talk about their own work.	Begin to mix secondary colours and know which primary colours you mix to create orange, green and purple. (colour wheel) Experiment with a variety of different brush sizes and with other painting tools, such as sponge brushes, objects Paint onto a range of different surfaces with a range of tools.	I can revisit colour mixing and understand relationships of primary and secondary colours. I can continue to mix colours experientially (i.e. encourage pupils to "try and see") I can investigate markmaking using thick brushes, sponge brushes for particular effects. I can investigate, experiment, mix and apply colour for purposes to represent real life, ideas and convey mood. I can use colour and painting skills and apply surface techniques to create or suggest a place, time or season.	I can understand how artists use warm and cool colour using this when mixing paint to express a mood in a work I can introduce different types of brushes for specific purposes. Mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours Use more specific colour language Mix and use tints and shades Experiment with monochromatic paint scales using the terms tint (adding white), shade (adding black)	I can mix and use primary and secondary colours with the addition of black and white and other hues I can create a painting from designs and research to communicate an idea or emotion. Experiment with different effects and textures inc. blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects Work on a range of scales e.g. thin brush on small picture etc. Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. Use light and dark within painting and	I can create different effects by using a variety of tools and techniques such as dots, scratches and splashes, and applying paint in layers. I can select from different methods to apply colour using a variety of tools and techniques to express mood or emotion. Can plan/paint symbols, forms, shapes, and composition when exploring the work of other artists/cultures informing my painting, Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects Be able to identify primary secondary,	I can create different effects by using a variety of tools and techniques such as dots, scratches and splashes, and applying paint in layers. I can show the effect of light and colour, texture and tone on natural and man-made objects. Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects Be able to identify primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours Work with complementary colours

Use spo	Printing onges to make	Printing Explore simple printmaking. For	Printing Explore simple mono printing techniques	and tone (adding black and white). Begin to explore complementary colours. Printing Create printing blocks using a relief or	show an understanding of complementary colours Printing Create printing blocks using a relief or	complementary and contrasting colours Work with complementary colours Printing Use tools in a safe way. Continue to gain	Printing Develop ideas from a range of sources. See
Print v e.g. poi Finger Use fo man m print. En joy leaf, b Simple printin Develop by usin En joy v create Look a what t produce	painting. pund materials nade/natural to taking rubbings: prick, and coin. pictures by ag from objects. p simple patterns ag objects. using stencils to a picture. und talk about they have ted, describing techniques and	I can search out found objects to be used as tools to press into plasticine to create texture and to understand notions of positive and negative. I can use rollers or the backs of spoon to create pressure to make a print. Make rubbings e.g. leaves.	Create simple printing blocks with press print Design more repetitive patterns Make simple marks on rollers and printing palettes Take simple prints i.e. mono - printing. Explore simple mono printing techniques using carbon paper,	impressed method Create repeating patterns Print with two colour overlays Continue to explore both mono-printing and relief printing. Use a sketchbook to record media explorations and experimentations as well as try out ideas, plan colours and collect source material for future works. Mono printing — polystyrene tiles	impressed method Create repeating patterns. Increase awareness of mono and relief printing. Demonstrate experience in fabric printing. Collagraph printing – Textures and materials are placed in a collage on a plate (such as cardboard) to create a block suitable to print.	experience in overlaying colours. Show experience in a range of mono print techniques. Use sketchbooks to collect and record visual information from different sources as well as planning, trying out ideas, plan colours and collect source material for future works.— Lino printing	positive and negative shapes. Demonstrate experience in a range of printmaking techniques. Describe techniques and processes. Aluminium Foil Printing – alternative to the process of etching and engraving



Drawing

Drawing



Drawing



Drawing



Drawing



Drawing

can use



Drawing

Use a variety of tools to mark make —pencils, paint, sticks, chalk, water. Draw into sand, liquids, onto the ground using liquids and tools Experiment with a variety of media; pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, pen, chalk.

Can begin to apply different tones (dark, mid and light) by utilising a change in pressure.

Apply sketched lines to record initial ideas.

Apply lines that follow basic contours and outlines of shapes from observation.

I can begin to control the types of marks made with the range of media such as crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, pen, chalk.

I can explore tone using different grades of pencil.

I understand the basic use of a sketchbook and work out ideas for drawings.

I can draw for a sustained period of time from the figure and real objects, including single and grouped objects.

I can apply lines and shapes with increasing accuracy, showing control.

My cross hatching shows areas of dark and light areas of an object.

Lines that are closer together and layered show darker areas.

I can demonstrate experience in different grades of pencil and other implements to draw different forms and shapes.

I can experiment with different grades of pencils and discuss their effect.

I can begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension and perspective.

I can draw accurate drawings of people particularly faces

I can create initial sketches as a preparation for painting/collage or sculpture I am beginning to draw familiar things from different viewpoints.

I can use line, tone and shade to represent things seen, remembered or imagined, e.g. 3D effect.

I can choose which shading technique would be best to use for a given task.

I can confidently select which grade of pencil to use and give reasons why I have chosen it.
E.g. I wanted to create a darker tone so a softer pencil such as a 6B would be best.

I can draw accurate drawings of people. Using proportion well. simple ways of introducing perspective.

I have become proficient with different shading techniques e.g., hatching, cross hatching, finger blend, stippling, small circles and scribble.

Apply the effect of light on objects from different directions

Begin to use perspective in work using a single foci point and horizon

I can show greater emphasis to detail, e.g. facial expression, folds on clothing, proportion

I can confidently and strongly use charcoal/pastels in response to light and dark, shadows and well lit areas

I can select, use and manipulate a range of drawing tools, using them with control and dexterity to accurately represent from observation.

Sculpture

I can shape, form,

model and construct

from observation or

I can use recycled,

materials to create

I can plan a sculpture

through drawing and

I can develop skills in

using clay inc. slabs,

coils, slips, etc Produce intricate patterns and textures in a malleable

techniques, colours and

designing and making

pieces of work. Add

collage to a painted,

printed or drawn

background. To be

expressive and analytical

to adapt, extend and

justify their work.

other preparatory work

natural and man-made

imagination

sculptures

media.

Collage

Use different

textures etc when

		I can show interest in	When looking at	I can take the time to	I can regularly reflect	I can regularly analyse	I can provide a reasoned
	*begin to discuss what	and describe what I	creative work I can	reflect upon what I like	upon my own work and	and reflect upon	evaluation of both my
	they like about their	think about the work of	express clear preferences	and dislike about my	use comparisons with the	progress taking into	own work and
	own and others' work	others	and give some reasons	work in order to	work of others (pupils	account of intention.	professionals work
	*suggest improvements	outer 3	for these (for instance,	improve it (for instance	and artists) to identify	account of intertion.	which take into account
	(i.e. change the colour	I can take pleasure in	be able to say "I like	I think carefully before	how to improve.	I can look to the work of	starting points,
	to red etc)	the work I have created	that because")	explaining to my teacher	riow to improve.	others (pupils and	intentions and contexts.
	to rea etc/			what I like and what I			intentions and contexts.
		and see that it gives	I take pleasure in the work I have created and	what tike and what the will do next)	I can reflect regularly	artists) to identify how	
		other people pleasure		Will ao nexi)	upon my work,	to feed my own work.	I regularly analyze and
<u>ف</u>			see that it gives other		throughout the creative		reflect upon progress
ا . <u>ب</u>		I can begin to take	people pleasure	I take pleasure in the	process.	I can take photographs	taking into account of
at		photographs and use		work I have created and		and videos and use	intention.
3		digital media	I understand how	see that it gives other	I look to the work of	digital media as a way	
Evaluating			evaluating creative work	people pleasure	others (pupils and	to re-see work.	I can take photographs
山			during the process, as		artists) to identify how		and videos and use
			well as at the end, helps	I understand how	to feed my own work.		digital media as a way
			feed the process.	evaluating creative work			to re-see work
				during the process, as	I can take photographs		
			I can begin to take	well as at the end, helps	and videos and use		
			photographs and use	feed the process.	digital media as a way		
			digital media as a way	I can take photographs	to re-see work		
			to re-see work.	and videos and use			
				digital media as a way			
				to re-see work			
	I can identify and	I can recognise and	I can talk about the	I can describe the work	I can describe some of	I can research and	I can describe, interpret
S	name the colours red,	describe some simple	materials, techniques	of some artists,	the key ideas, techniques	discuss the ideas and	and explain the work,
.로	blue, yellow, green,	characteristics of	and processes I have	craftspeople, architects	and working practices of	approaches of various	ideas and working
Understanding	orange, purple, pink,	different kinds of art,	used, using appropriate	and designers	a variety of artists,	artists, craftspeople,	practices of some
g	white and black.	craft and design.	vocabulary (for	and am able to explain	crafts makers, architects	designers and architects,	significant artists,
\$ 1	writte aria black.	Gaji ana designi.	instance, they know the	how to use some of the	and designers that they	taking account of their	craftspeople, designers
2	name some key artists	I know the names of the	names of the tools and	tools and techniques	have studied.	particular cultural	and architects taking
P	*recognise range of	tools, techniques and the	colours they use)	they have chosen to	rave stated.	context and intentions.	account of the
	paintings *explore colour	formal elements	Colour's trieg user	work with.	I am able to	CONTRACT WHAT WHITEHOUSE.	in fluence of the
ප	and texture within art	(colours, shapes, tones	I understand that	WOIR WILIT.	demonstrate, how tools I	I can describe the	different historical,
5	work	etc.) that I use.	different forms of	I can talk about Anselm	have chosen to work	processes I am using and	cultural and social
an	YYO! IC	I can name the primary	creative works are made	Kie fer and discuss his	with, should be used	how I hope to achieve	contexts in which they
8	Focus Artists	and secondary colours.	by artists, craftspeople	paintings.	effectively and with	high quality outcomes'	worked.
'p '	1 ocus / v usis	aria secoriaar y coloars.	and designers, from all	pairturigs.	sa fety.	riight quality butcomes	I can explain about the
Knowledge	Autumn I-	I can name the primary	cultures and times.	I can identify the	Julien.	I know the names of	technical vocabulary
8	Frida Kahlo	colours that you mix to	cantares and unites.	painting technique that	I can talk about	tools, techniques and	and techniques for
\ <u>\$</u>	Trade Narwo	make green, purple and	 I can talk about Vincent	Anselm Kiefer uses	paintings/illustrations	formal elements.	modifying the qualities
~	Autumn – 2		Van Gogh and the	(heavy impasto)	pairings/ musiramoris	Joi mui elements.	money grig the qualities
	/\utumiii - Z	orange.	vari Gogri ana me	Treavy irripusion			

Bernard Leach		painting technique that		created by Helen	I am able to talk about	of different materials
Dariuru Leugi	Hester Berry	he used (impasto)	I can talk about the	Cowcher.	the materials, techniques	and processes.
Spring I -	Tiasa bary	ric asca (irripassio)	artists Laura McKendry	Condia :	and processes I have	with processes.
Henry Matisse	I can name some nature	I can identify what type	and Edgar Degas and	I can talk about the	used; using an	I am able to identify
1 1014 9 11104455	sculptors.	of paintings Vincent	how they use charcoal to	painting techniques that	appropriate vocabulary.	some drawings and
Spring 2 —	Andy Goldsworthy	Van Gogh is known for	create gestural	Helen Cowcher uses.	sippi opi souro vosarbarrar g.	sculptures by Henry
Modrian	, assess as a second of a seg	(portraits and	drawings.	(Gouache and	I can name some	Moore
	l can tell you an	landscapes)	ar arranger	chiaroscuro)	famous paintings	
Summer I —	interesting fact about				produced by Matisse .	I am able to talk about
Andy Goldsworthy	Andy Goldsworthy.	I can name two famous		I can explain and give	F	Mayan sculpture and
J J	J	paintings created by		examples of chiaroscuro.	I can identify some	the importance of the
Summer 2 —	I can tell you something	Vincent Van Gogh		1 3	characteristics of	Maya Stelae.
Yayoi Kusuma	about Andy	3		I can name the architect	Fauvism in my	J
	Goldsworthy's nature	I can identify Sir		who designed Aston Hall	paintings.	I can talk about the
	sculptures	Christopher Wren as		(John Thorpe) and who		techniques used to
	·	an influential architect		was responsible for	I can identify	create my own Maya
		who designed St Paul's		building it (Thomas	characteristics of	Stelae.
		Cathedral after the		Holte)	artwork created by	
		Great Fire of London.			Stinkfish	I can describe the
				I can talk about some		techniques that Henry
		I know that H stands		features of Jacobean	I can explain some	Moore using in his
		for hard and B stands		architecture (flat roofs	techniques used by	Shelter drawings and
		for black when		with window bays,	Stickfish and Matisse.	the emotion that it
		referring to the grade		symmetrical wings and		created.
		of a pencil.		mullioned windows)	I am able to talk about	1
					techniques Anglo-Saxons	I can identify some
		I understand that the			used to create their	paintings created by
		grade of a pencil			homes and how I have tried to replicate some	Monet.
		changes its tone.			of them when creating	I can identify key
		I know that tone			my own sculptures.	characteristics of
		describes how dark or			mig own sculptures.	impressionism.
		light something is.			I can describe processes	urupr essertusiru.
		augitt somtourung to.			used and how I hope to	I can describe the
					achieve high quality	techniques that Monet
					outcomes	used in his paintings
						(broken colour).
					I am able to demonstrate	
					how to safely use some	
					of the tools and	
					techniques I have chosen	
					to work with	
					CO TTOTIC TTOUT	